

# THE DEMOCRAT.

B. H. ADAMS, Publisher.

CAPE GIRARDEAU, MISSOURI.

MR. AND MRS. GLADSTONE started from Hawarden, on the 27th, for London, en route for Cannes. Both were in excellent health.

UNITED STATES SENATOR E. O. WOLCOTT, with his family, has left London for Paris, where he will continue his mission in the interest of bimetalism.

The Hawaiian Gazette of the 19th, in its annual review of trade, says that the past year was financially the most prosperous in the history of the island.

HERB FRENZEL, a merchant of Berlin, and Herr Krupp, the gun maker, of Essen, have been appointed life members of the upper house of the Prussian Landtag.

DISPATCHES from Goa, the capital city of the Portuguese territory of that name in India, on the 29th, said that there were three cases of bubonic plague in the hospital there.

A DISPATCH from Madrid says that President Canovas has made a formal denial that any negotiations for a new commercial treaty between Spain and the United States are in progress.

The house committee on labor, on the 27th, ordered favorably reported the bill of Mr. Watson, of Ohio, prohibiting the use of prison labor on buildings erected for the United States.

The president-elect of the United States is 54 years old. It was on January 29, 1843, that he first saw the light of day at Niles, O., where his father was manager and proprietor of an iron foundry.

HENRY CHENOWETH, a mason, 55 years old, returned to his home in Long Island City, N. Y., on the 28th, after recovering from an operation by which the whole of his tongue was removed. His trouble was due to cancer.

FAILURES throughout the United States, as reported by R. G. Dun & Co. for the week ended on the 29th were 331, against 469 for the corresponding week last year. For Canada the failures were 57, against 70 last year.

ON the 23d State Insurance Commissioner Matthews of Ohio announced that he would not release the Lloyd's insurance concerns of New York to do business in Ohio, because they were not legal organizations under the laws of that state.

AMONG the first-class post offices showing a falling off in receipts for the last quarter of 1896 Chicago shows a decrease of \$1,735; Cincinnati, \$10,431; St. Louis, \$22,504; Cleveland, \$7,708; Kansas City, \$2,221; Minneapolis, \$6,204; St. Paul, \$3,605; and Louisville, \$2,308.

ON the 27th the president approved, among others, acts to enable the town of Flagstaff, Ariz., to issue water bonds; to incorporate the convention of American Instructors of the Deaf, and for the relief of telegraph operators who served in the war of the rebellion.

IN the Missouri senate, on the 27th, a joint concurrent resolution was introduced by Senator Schweickhardt, and adopted, that \$250,000 be appropriated for the relief of the tornado sufferers at St. Louis, and that a commission be appointed to attend to the distribution of the money.

A MOVE to break down the great Welsh monopoly in incandescent gaslights will be made in the United States circuit court in Chicago. The attack will be made on the patent itself, and it will be claimed that the legal rights of the Welsh company expired in August of last year.

THE formal enthronement of Rt. Hon. and Rev. Mandel Creighton, who was recently appointed bishop of London to succeed Rt. Hon. and Most Rev. Frederick Temple, the latter having been elevated to the office of archbishop of Canterbury and primate of all England, will take place on the 30th.

The large grain elevator of the W. H. Purcell Matting Co., at One Hundred and Twenty-third street and the Belt line tracks, Chicago, was destroyed by fire on the 26th. The elevator was recently rebuilt, two former structures having been damaged by fire. The loss, which is estimated at \$350,000, is nearly covered by insurance.

JONAH and the whale furnished an hour's mirth to Plymouth church, Brooklyn, on the evening of the 24th, and Rev. Lyman Abbott, the preacher, dissected the Hebrew prophet with a skill and a humor that delighted his auditors. Indeed, the audience became so hilarious at the close that Dr. Abbott felt obliged to administer a mild rebuke.

The Hall-Lansing block, 1336 O street, Lincoln, Neb., was totally destroyed by fire at an early hour on the morning of the 26th. The block was occupied by roomers, and, as the legislature was in session, was quite full. Several had narrow escapes. The building was valued at \$75,000; partially insured. The cause of the fire was a lamp explosion.

The senate committee on foreign relations, on the 25th, discussed the general treaty of arbitration for more than an hour, but no conclusion was reached on any portion. The whole time seems to have been devoted to a discussion of the relations of the Nicaragua canal and the Clayton-Bulwer treaty to this proposed new convention. Many suggestions were offered, but none took tangible form.

## CURRENT TOPICS.

### THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

#### FIFTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

##### Second Session.

In the senate, on the 25th, Mr. Burrows (rep., Mich.) called attention to corrupt political practices in the state of Delaware. A bill providing that no person shall be tried in a United States court for acts in aid of the republic of Cuba was introduced and referred to the committee on the judiciary. Mr. Turpie (dem., Ind.) spoke in support of the right of congress to recognize a new state and in favor of an immediate declaration of belligerency. Eulogies of the late ex-Speaker Crisp were then pronounced. In the house a lot of miscellaneous business was disposed of, and consideration of the Indian appropriation bill was commenced. Bills were passed to regulate the disposition of dead bodies in the district of Columbia and to prevent the spread of contagious diseases in the district.

In the senate, on the 26th, Mr. Turpie (dem., Ind.) resumed and concluded his speech in favor of the recognition of Cuban independence. Mr. Chandler succeeded in getting consideration of his bill for a commission to any international monetary conference. The bill went over, and the remainder of the day's session was occupied by Mr. Daniel (dem., Va.) in a speech against the Nicaragua canal bill as being "in fraud of the contract." In the house the bill to restore Jonathan Scott to the pension roll (from which he was dropped by the bureau in 1894) was passed over the president's veto. Mr. Hill reported the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill, which was placed on the calendar. The rest of the day was spent in committee of the whole in consideration of the Indian appropriation bill.

In the senate, on the 27th, the military academy bill was passed, after a lengthy controversy over an amendment providing for the attendance of the West Point cadets at the inauguration parade. The Nicaragua canal bill was taken up, and gave rise to a spirited debate. The bill was pending when the session adjourned. In the house the conference report on the immigration bill was agreed to after many speeches for and against the measure. As reported from committee it is practically a new bill. The principal objection to the bill was the clause requiring immigrants to read and write "in the language of their native or resident country."

In the senate, on the 28th, Mr. Allen (rep., Neb.) introduced a resolution intended to impeach the president for the sale of the property of the Union Pacific railroad, which went over without action. The bill for a commission to an international monetary conference was taken up, and after speeches by Messrs. Chandler, Bacon and Stewart, went over. After a session spent in executive session several bills were taken from the calendar and passed. In the house the Indian appropriation bill was passed, with some changes relating to the scope of the measure. The bill making appropriations for the agricultural department was called up, and gave rise to an amusing and sometimes acrimonious debate, based on ex-Gov. Alge's charge of fraud in the Ohio election.

In the senate, on the 29th, the bill for the representation of the United States in any international monetary conference that may be called occupied the session almost exclusively, and was finally passed by a vote of 46 to 4. In the house the report of the conference on the bill providing for the incorporation of the purchasers of the Atlantic & Pacific railroad, after a heated debate, was rejected—71 to 148. The house refused to take up bills from the private calendar, and for nearly an hour continued in committee of the whole in consideration of the agricultural appropriation bill.

#### PERSONAL AND GENERAL.

A DISPATCH from Constantinople says: The sultan is dejected at the prospects of his Mohammedan subjects backing the European demands. His grand vizier and foreign minister are both exhausted from worry, and the grand vizier is seeking permission to resign.

The recent cold wave found many unprepared to resist the biting blasts, and intense suffering was reported from the big cities in its pathway. In Chicago especially the distress of the many thousands of hungry families of the unemployed was truly pitiable.

Mrs. HUNGERFORD, the novelist, better known by her nom de plume, "The Duchess," died in Dublin on the 24th. Mrs. Hungerford had a rare personality and was a famous hostess. Though past middle age, she always retained a bright, youthful appearance, and was generally in a vivacious, cheerful mood.

An Egyptian commission, appointed for the purpose, has started on a tour of the various Red sea ports to arrange precautionary measures against the bubonic plague which is raging in Bombay and other ports of India.

The marquis of Dufferin, the retiring British ambassador to France, has accepted the presidency of a committee to celebrate, at Bristol, the four hundredth anniversary of Cabot's discovery of America.

The preparations for the Bradley-Martin ball in New York, that is to outline the Vanderbilts, continue. It is said, however, that several wealthy women have concluded to remain at home on the night of February 19, fearing an outbreak of some kind at the Waldorf as the result of the great prominence which the affair has received.

The plague news from Bombay is not reassuring. The British sanitary commissioner has reported seriously on the situation, but Englishmen regard the chances of the plague getting a foothold in Great Britain as being remote.

THE consular and diplomatic bill was reported to the house on the 26th. It carried an appropriation of \$1,651,803, which is an increase of \$20,000 over the appropriation for the current fiscal year.

EDWARD J. IVORY, alias Bell, acquitted in London of a charge of complicity in a dynamite conspiracy, and John A. McIntyre, formerly district attorney in New York, who went to London in defense of Ivory, sailed for New York on the 25th.

The senate foreign relations committee, on the 25th, favorably reported a bill providing that the shore end of any new submarine telegraphic cable which shall be protected in any foreign country by exclusive landing rights or other special privileges shall not be permitted to land in this country without the consent of congress.

Mrs. MCKINLEY, wife of the president-elect, accompanied by her sister, Mrs. Barber, arrived in Chicago over the Lake Shore road from Canton, O., on the 26th. They were driven at once to the residence of Mr. Lafayette Williams, 3961 Lake avenue.

MISS ANNA VANDEWATER and two children, a boy aged about eight years and a girl about four, perished in a burning farm house four miles south of Belleville, Mich., on the 26th.

On the 26th the house passed over the president's veto, by more than a two-thirds vote, the bill to restore Jonathan Scott, of Oswego, Kas., a veteran of the Fifth Iowa cavalry, to the pension roll, at the rate of \$75 a month.

CONRAD BROS.' Great Western pottery, at Peru, Ind., one of the largest in the country, was burned on the 26th; loss, \$40,000.

At Linton, 15 miles east of Sullivan, Ind., on the 27th, Mrs. Robert Wilkey left her two children, aged one and four years, in the house while she went out calling. The house caught fire and was burned down, and both the children perished.

On the 28th Comptroller Eckels of the treasury addressed the house committee on banking and currency on the several bills referred to him. He said a great deal of the present depression had been brought about by overtrading, unwise credit and unusual extravagance, public and private.

The senate committee on commerce, on the 28th, agreed upon and reported favorably to the senate Mr. Caffery's bill appropriating \$250,000 to close the crevasse in the Mississippi river at Pass a Loutre. The committee expressed no opinion as to the liability of the Eads heirs in the matter.

MURAVIEFF, the newly-appointed head of the Russian foreign office, arrived in Paris on the 28th. A large crowd of persons assembled at the station to await his coming, and greeted him with cheers and cries of "Vive Russie" as he made his appearance.

THE body of Sir Isaac Pitman, the inventor of the Pitman system of shorthand, who died in London recently, was cremated at Woking on the 28th. A TELEGRAM from Port Eads, La., says the steamer Albert Dumas ran down and sunk the steam yacht Argo on the 28th. Two reporters of the New Orleans Picayune, who were on the Argo, are missing.

The fishing schooner Hattie Rebecca Carter, from Atlantic City, went ashore two miles northeast of Sea Isle City, N. J., on the 28th, during a thick snow storm. Her crew of six men were saved.

The Italian war office has ordered six battalions of troops to get in readiness to start for Massowah.

At Jackson, O., on the 29th, Alice Hill, a blind woman, aged 45, while groping her way across a room in the house in which she lived, came in contact with a stove. Her clothes were set on fire and she was burned to death. Her mother, aged 72, also nearly blind, was fatally burned trying to save her daughter.

THE northbound train on the Southern Pacific railroad, which left San Francisco, on the 28th, for Portland, Ore., was held up near Roseburg, Ore., on the 29th, by two or three men. Two small safes in the express car were blown open and looted. The express car then took fire and the car and contents were destroyed.

The house committee on the library, on the 29th, recommended favorably the bill appropriating \$50,000 for the erection of an equestrian statue in Washington city to Maj.-Gen. Henry W. Slocum.

The business portion of Caledonia, O., was burned at an early hour on the 29th. At Cleveland, O., on the 29th, Willard Colton, 45 years old, shot and almost instantly killed his wife, Clara, aged 42, and then shot himself in the head and died in half an hour. The tragedy was the outcome of a domestic quarrel.

#### LATE NEWS ITEMS.

THE senate was not in session on the 30th. In the house almost the sole subject of consideration was the agricultural appropriation bill. As usual the distribution of seeds was the subject of discussion, a motion to strike off the appropriation altogether being lost by a vote of 94 to 70. The proposed rearrangement of salaries of bureau officers were stricken out of the bill and the provisions of the present law inserted in place of them. The bill was then passed, as were two or three private bills, when the house adjourned.

THE German government is about to send a special commission to Bombay to investigate the bubonic plague which is raging there with a view of adopting precautionary measures against the introduction of the disease into Europe. Dr. Kock, the eminent German bacteriologist, has been summoned from South Africa to head the commission.

THERE will be no commutation of the sentence of eight months' imprisonment imposed on Lady Scott for libeling her son-in-law, Earl Russell. Earl Cadogan and other of her friends have sought to obtain her release, but they have failed to shake the home secretary's decision not to set her at liberty.

THE statement of the associated banks of New York city for the week ended the 30th showed the following changes: Reserve, increase, \$2,080,450; loans, decrease, \$1,573,000; specie, increase, \$550,500; legal tenders, increase, \$1,493,000; deposits, decrease, \$147,800; circulation, decrease, \$568,300.

THE New York World alleges that the government is annually robbed of \$10,000,000 by the railroads of the country by means of padding the mails for a period of 30 days every four years, when the government is about to make its quadrennial reweighing.

BETWEEN one and two o'clock, on the morning of the 31st, the extensive plant of the Seranton, (Pa.) Heat and Power Co., in the center of the city, was almost totally destroyed by fire, at a loss of \$50,000. Half the town was left in darkness.

PRINCESS LOUISE, eldest daughter of King Leopold of Belgium, and wife of Prince Philip of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, brother of Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria, has eloped with an Austrian captain of hussars.

The resignation of Lieut. C. A. Stone, U. S. N., retired, has been accepted, dating January 31.

## MISSOURI STATE NEWS.

### The Normal School Question.

Principal points in Representative Aydelott's bill for abolishing state normal schools in Missouri:

"WHEREAS, The state, after twenty-five years of experience with normals, with an expenditure of \$915,755 up to 1896 and up to 1894 only sent out 175 four-year and 318 two-year normal graduates as against 519 private college graduates without cost to the state; and

"WHEREAS, The forthcoming report of the state superintendent of public schools will show that out of the 14,000 teachers in the state only 1,000 have attended either of the state normal schools as much as six months showing that less than 11 per cent. of the teachers in the state have enjoyed any of the advantages of the said normal schools; therefore be it

Resolved, That it is the sense of this house that the state normals, located at Kirksville, Warrensburg and Cape Girardeau, should be turned over to the communities in which they are situated, by nominal sale, without appropriations and power to grant state certificates, and by so doing give each of them a chance to stand upon their own merits, as the private normal and colleges of the state must do; and be it further

Resolved, That this house will favor a liberal appropriation for the maintenance of a normal department to the state university, which shall be the one authority outside of the state superintendent of public schools which shall be given the authority to grant state certificates to teachers, to the end that private enterprise in the way of establishing normal schools and colleges in this state, may be encouraged."

### A State Fire Marshal.

A movement has been started in the legislature for the creation of a state fire marshal.

The cost is to fall on the insurance companies in the shape of fees. The fire marshal's duties will be similar to those of a coroner. That is, in cases of all fires which the companies desire to be investigated, he is to visit the scene, make a thorough inquiry and adjust the loss.

### Mr. Hatch's Will.

The will of Col. W. H. Hatch, ex-congressman, was admitted for probate recently.

The son, Lou S. Hatch, receives only the amount already paid to him. The daughter is given ten shares in the First National bank of Palmyra, and the widow receives the remainder of the estate, both real and personal.

New Police Commissioners for St. Louis. The governor has appointed Anton Stuever, a well-known brewer, and Gen. James M. Lewis to be police commissioners of St. Louis. They, with two other commissioners and the mayor, constitute the police board.

### An Unruly Pupil's Deed.

Miss Charlotte Brown, a teacher in the Stoddard school, St. Louis, attempted to correct an unruly pupil. In the first round the pupil "landed" on Miss Brown's jaw, putting her to "sleep" for 40 minutes.

### She Was Poor, and Froze to Death.

Martha Lacey, colored, who had no home, was frozen to death in the basement of a dilapidated and uninhabited house in Lexington, where she had gone for shelter with her two little children.

### The Governor Had Mercy.

John M. Meacham, aged 18, who was sentenced to the penitentiary for two years from Worth county, through the mercy of Gov. Stephens will go to the reform school for boys at Boonville.

### Baptist Conference at Sedalia.

The fifth Sunday convention and special conference of the pastors of Harmony Baptist association was held at East Sedalia Baptist church, and was largely attended.

### Was Noted as a Criminal Lawyer.

Hon. Lafayette Dawson, noted as a criminal lawyer, died at Maryville, aged about 58. A few days before his death he was received into the M. E. church, south.

### A Good Office.

The governor has appointed Charles P. Higgins excise commissioner of St. Louis. The office is a good one, and Mr. Higgins, like his predecessor, will retire rich.

### The Warrensburg Normal.

The third quarter term of the Warrensburg state normal school opened with an enrollment of 718, an increase over the enrollment of last term of 30.

### Valuations in a Rich County.

The total land valuation in St. Louis county for taxation is \$22,408,210, and total valuation of personal \$3,976,333, making a grand total of \$26,384,543.

### Grip Caused His Death.

John Q. Bryan, city marshal of Sedalia immediately after the war, died at Camp Branch, six miles south of Sedalia, recently, of grip, aged 88.

### Mrs. Frances Wisely.

Mrs. Frances A. Wisely, aged 53, died at Fayette recently. She was born in Fayette, and was the mother of County Surveyor J. D. Wisely.

### Missouri School for the Blind.

The attendance at the school for the blind in St. Louis during 1896 was the largest in its history. The new class this year numbers about 30.

### Death of a Wealthy Woman.

Mrs. Ann R. Allen, of St. Louis, widow of Thomas Allen, died at Pittsfield, Mass., recently, aged 73. She was worth \$10,000,000.

### Indorsed McKinley's Idea.

A resolution was adopted in the Missouri legislature indorsing McKinley's proposition to devote the inaugural fund to charity.

### Drowned in a Well.

Daniel May, aged 20, son of Wm. May, near Marine, Madison county, lost his balance and fell into a well. He was drowned.

### Highly Respected at Palmyra.

R. H. Wishart, an old and highly-respected citizen, died at Palmyra, after a brief illness, of congestion of the lungs.

### Not Much of a Mover.

Judge John R. Story died near Excelsior Springs, from a paralytic stroke. He had lived in Clay county since 1829.

### A Fatal Accident to a Young Man.

Otis Day, aged 21, whose parents reside at Sumner, Chariton county, was killed by a falling tree. His head was crushed.

## THE MISSOURI LEGISLATURE.

JEFFERSON CITY, Jan. 26.—SENATE—In the senate yesterday Mr. Busche, of St. Louis, introduced a bill to prohibit the publication of false statements about office-holders or candidates for office.

By Mr. Marshall: A bill to exempt personal property to the amount of \$100 from taxation.

By Mr. Martin: An act rendering void all contracts made by or with trusts, pools or combinations.

By Mr. Gray: An act asking for a constitutional amendment to give legislative power to change inheritance tax. This bill applies to all estates of over \$25,000.

HOUSE—The fellow-servant bill went to engrossment. A number of amendments were offered, among them one by Mr. Ehrmann, of St. Louis, asking for general legislation, but the bill was finally ordered to engrossment.

The bill to prohibit baseball on Sunday was called up by Mr. State, of Maries. He made a lengthy speech in support of the bill, as did Representative Burks, of Saline county, but it was finally defeated.

Mr. Pickles, of Adair, made a speech against the bill, and said it was as great an offense to kiss his wife on Sunday as to play a game of ball. He moved that the entire subject be referred back to the committee on criminal jurisprudence. This motion was lost.

The committee on eleemosynary institutions reported favorably on the bill demanding the inspection of all the convents and private asylums of the state.

By Mr. Meyers: An act to repeal an act known as an act to establish and maintain a uniform course of text books in public schools and enacting a new law on the same subject.

JEFFERSON CITY, Jan. 27.—SENATE—In the senate yesterday Senators Vandiver and Hochenschild introduced two bills to make the Confederate home at Higginsville, and the Union Veterans' home at St. James, state eleemosynary institutions.

The senate judiciary committee recommended the passage of the bill which prohibits persons, ministers or others, who are not citizens from performing the marriage ceremony.

Senator Martin, of St. Louis, introduced a bill to legalize sparring matches under reasonable restrictions.

HOUSE—Mr. Aydelott made a strong speech in support of his resolution abolishing state normal schools, quoting from the state auditor's report, and making a favorable impression. Mr. Williams, of Scott, moved to lay the resolution on the table, but the motion was lost—55 yeas to 50 nays.

Mr. Pickler, of Adair, defended the normals. There was a lengthy discussion, which developed the fact that there is strong opposition to making further appropriations to support normals.

The Avery fellow-servant bill was reported from committee on engrossment, read at length and passed, only one vote being cast against it.

JEFFERSON CITY, Jan. 28.—SENATE—Yesterday Senator Schweickhardt introduced a bill to appropriate \$50,000 for the cyclone sufferers of St. Louis, and appointing Sam M. Kennard as the distributor of the money. The probabilities are that the bill will pass.

Senator Peers introduced a bill repealing the present law with respect to the curators of the state university and providing for their appointment as a non-partisan board.

HOUSE—Mr. Aydelott's resolutions relating to the normal schools was taken up and referred to the committee on education.

Remonstrances were presented from Barry, Grundy and Greene counties against the reduction of passenger rates.

Mr. Ehrman, of St. Louis, offered a resolution appropriating \$4,000 for a monument to Thomas H. Benton in Forest park.

JEFFERSON CITY, Jan. 28.—SENATE—The senate transacted very little business yesterday. A bill was introduced allowing incorporated cities to levy a special tax for maintenance of public libraries; also a bill allowing the transfer of cases from one justice's court to another, in cases where the justice is sick, disabled or otherwise incapacitated from holding court.

HOUSE—The committee on criminal jurisprudence recommended that the bill prohibiting the sale of cigarettes or cigarette wrappers be passed.

The bill allowing insurance companies to rebuild houses which they have insured was reported favorably.

Mr. Burks, of Saline, presented a bill providing that state banking institutions, when they declare a dividend, shall set apart a surplus fund of ten per cent. until the same shall amount to 25 per cent. of the capital stock.

Mr. Harrel, of Clay county, reintroduced his separate coach bill.

The feature of the day was the discussion of the bill relating to the stock yards of cities. The house was desirous to pass a measure governing charges, but the morning hour expired before any disposition was made of the matter. It was apparent from the course of the debate that the legislators were largely in favor of a stricter government of the stock yards, and were inclined to enact laws in conformity with those of other states.

JEFFERSON CITY, Jan. 31.—SENATE—The Avery fellow servant bill was read by its title in the senate yesterday, and referred to the committee on railroads.

Senator Davidson introduced a bill providing for the creation of the office of bridge inspector. Adjourned till the 1st.

HOUSE—Among the bills introduced were the following:

By Johnson: Declaring it unlawful to insure the lives of persons under the age of 15 years.

An act to require railroad commissioners to be appointed by the governor. This bill was introduced by the internal improvements committee.

By Tribble: To prohibit book-making and pool-selling.

By Leeper: Creating bureau of building and loan supervision.

By Crisp: To regulate the handling and sale of dynamite and other explosives.

By Dunn: Relating to the erection of buildings for free public libraries in incorporated cities.

By Koch: To reduce the excise commissioner's fees on the granting of dram shop licenses from \$3 to \$1.50.

A very warm debate took place in the house on the bill to compel the Chicago & Alton railroad to abolish the gate system on its trains. An adverse committee report was made, but the bill was ordered printed for information.

## TAYLOR RECAPTURED.

The Murderer of the Meeks Family Found in California, Living in Seclusion on a Ranch—The Crime for Which the Taylor Brothers were Sentenced to Hang—Which Penalty One of Them Has Already Paid.

HANFORD, Cal., Jan. 31.—George Taylor, under sentence of death for participating in the murder of the Meeks family near Carrollton, Mo., and who escaped from the Carrollton jail several months ago, was captured on the Jacob ranch, near Hanford, by



Sheriff Buckner and a posse and brought to town. Taylor